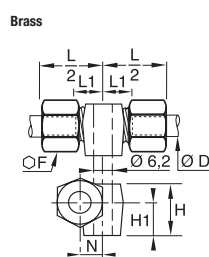


Brass Compression Fittings

0113 Equal Tube-to-Tube Connector with Mounting Boss



ØD		F	H	H1	L1	L/2	N	kg
4	0113 04 00	10	10.5	7	9.5	19	6	0.022
6	0113 06 00	13	13	9	10	20.5	7	0.033
8	0113 08 00	14	14.5	9.5	11	23.5	8	0.041
10	0113 10 00	19	19.5	12.5	11	26	9	0.082
12	0113 12 00	22	22	14	12	26.5	11	0.107
14	0113 14 00	24	25	16	11	28	12	0.122

Brass Compression Fittings

These "universal" fittings provide users with numerous connection options for a wide variety of tube materials without the need for tube threading or soldering. This range guarantees excellent long-term sealing and performance.

Product Advantages

Simple to Install and Use

- Suitable for pneumatic and medium pressure hydraulic applications
- Compatible with many industrial fluids
- Large product range: 22 configurations
- Excellent sealing due to the tightening of the olive onto the tube
- Metallic sealing guarantees maximum service life
- High strength brass for increased mechanical reliability

Wide Variety of Tubing

- Connection of different types of tubing and hose: metal, polymer, steel, rubber, etc.
- Multiple tube diameters can be connected using the Parker Legris reducer assembly system
- No insert required for rigid and semi-rigid polyamide tubing below 14 mm



Applications

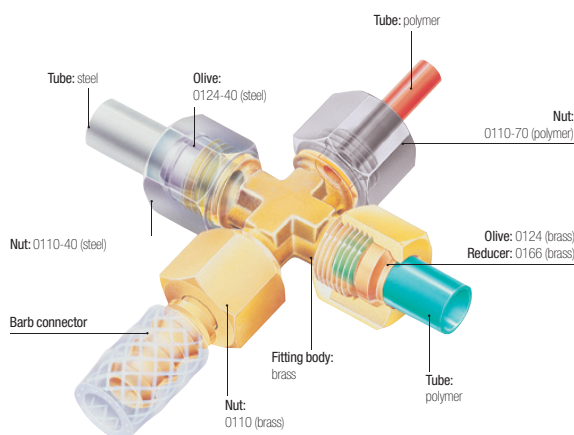
- Pneumatics
- Cooling
- Automotive Process
- Lubrication
- Fluid Transmission
- Packaging
- Industrial Machinery

Technical Characteristics

Compatible Fluids	Water, machining oil, fuel, hydraulic oil, compressed air, chemical fluids, disinfectants
Working Pressure	Vacuum to 550 bar
Working Temperature	-40°C to +250°C
Tightening Torque	See "Technical Characteristics" on opposite page

Reliable performance is dependent upon the type of fluid conveyed, component materials and tubing being used.
Guaranteed for use with a vacuum of 755 mm Hg (99% vacuum).

Component Materials



Silicone-free

Maximum Bore Diameters

The table below shows the recommended compatibility of tube size, BSPP male thread and maximum bore.

Tube O.D.	BSPP Thread	Max. Bore
4-5-6	G1/8	4
6-8-10	G1/4	7
10-12-14	G3/8	11
14-15-16-18	G1/2	14
18-20-22	G3/4	18
22-25-28	G1	24

Tube Length for Assembly

Minimum length of tube (L) between 2 fittings.



ØD	L (mm)	ØD	L (mm)	ØD	L (mm)
4	26.5	12	39	20	51
5	26	14	41	22	54
6	26	15	41	25	62
8	32	16	46.5	28	62
10	39	18	49.5		

Regulations

CNOMO: E07.21.115N
(for robotic equipment in the automotive industry)
DI: 97/23/EC (PED)
RG: 1907/2006 (REACH)
DI: 2002/95/EC (RoHS)
DI: 94/9/EC (ATEX)

Technical Characteristics

Installing Compression Fittings

Cutting the Tube



Cut the polymer or metal tube square.

Preparing the Connection



For metal tubing, de-burr the tube prior to connection. Tube bending should be done before connection.



Slide the nut onto the tube; lubricate the threads on the body and nut along with the olive to facilitate tightening (for metal tubing as well). Fit the olive onto the end of the tube.

Connecting the Tube



Push the tube up against the shoulder of the body of the fitting and hand tighten.

Final Assembly



Tighten the nut using a spanner or torque wrench to enable the olive to bite on the tube, the connection being completed when the recommended tightening torque is reached (see tables below).



It is recommended to use an insert in order to prevent tube creeping (diameter > 14mm)

Brass Compression Fittings

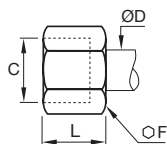
Compression Fittings

Recommended Nut Tightening Torque

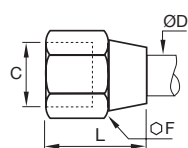
Tightening torque

in daN.m =

maximum tightening torque of a 0110 nut and 0124 olive with copper, brass or steel tube.



Nut 0110 and 0110..40



Nut 0110..60

Ø D (mm)	Ø F 0110	Ø F 0110..60	Max. daN.m Copper or Brass	Ø F 0110..40	Max. daN.m Steel
4	10	11	0.7	10	1.5
5	12	13	0.7	12	1.5
6	13	13	1.5	13	2.5
8	14	16	1.5	14	2.5
10	19	20	1.8	19	3
12	22	22	3	22	4.5
14	24	24	3.5	24	5.5
15	24	24	4	24	6
16	27	27	5	27	7
18	30	30	6	30	9
20	32	32	6	32	10
22	36	36	7	36	12
25	41	41	8	41	13
28	42		9		

Customised Fittings

Working directly with its customers and based on its knowledge and experience, Parker Legris can design customised brass compression fittings for specific requirements using the customer's specifications.

The range of compression fittings also offers nickel chemical surface treatment in order to improve the corrosion resistance and chemical compatibility of the fittings (the model number of the fitting is then given the suffix 99).

The above recommendations are given in good faith. However, since each application is different, it is advisable to undertake tests in actual working conditions.



Technical Characteristics

The use of Parker Legris brass compression fittings is dependant on the tube material. Tables of recommended working pressure for the different tubes are shown below.

Recommended Tube Type

Copper tube: copper which has been "cold rolled", cold drawn and in straight lengths.
Brass tube: in cold-rolled straight lengths (same working pressure as for copper tube).
"Coiled annealed" copper tube: reduces working pressure by 35%; must be avoided completely if vibration is present.

Steel tube: "thin wall" cold drawn, seamless, bright annealed and in straight lengths.
 6 mm to 16 mm O.D.: max. wall thickness 1 mm
 Above 16 mm O.D.: max. wall thickness 1.5 mm

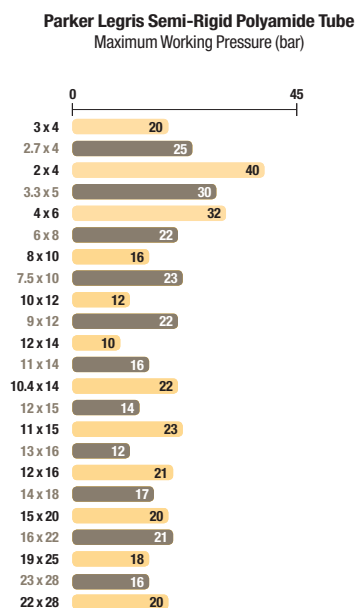
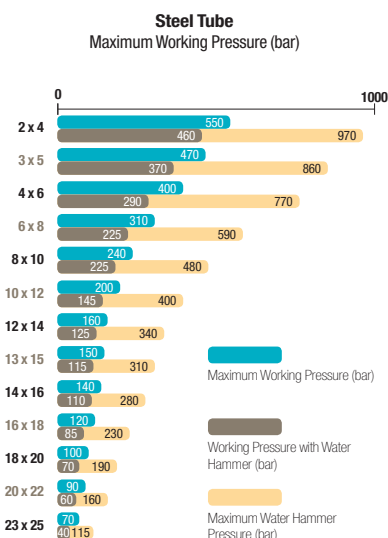
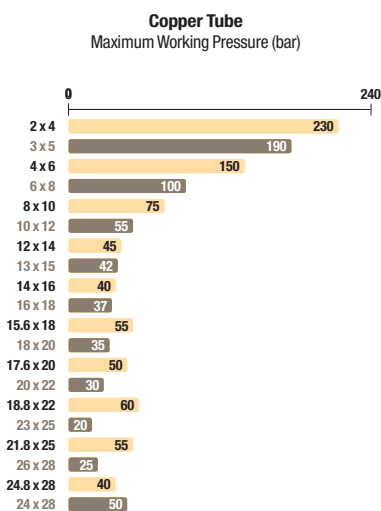
Polyamide tube: semi-rigid
 For rigid polyamide tube, multiply the figures in this table by 1.8.

Recommended Tube-Fitting Assembly Configurations

Assembled using Parker Legris brass olive and nut.

Assembled using Parker Legris steel olive and nut (nut type 0110..40).

Assembled using Parker Legris brass olive and nut.



When using a plastic nut type 0110..70, the maximum working pressure is 10 bar, for all diameters.

Working Pressure Coefficients for Semi-Rigid Polyamide Tubing

Temperature °C	-40°C / -15°C	-15°C / +30°C	+30°C / +50°C	+50°C / +70°C	+70°C / +100°C
Factor	1.8	1	0.68	0.55	0.31

Parker Legris brass compression fittings are not compatible with ammonia and its derivatives.

The above recommendations are given in good faith. However, since each application is different, it is advisable to undertake tests in actual working conditions.

Compression Fittings

Brass Compression Fittings

(P. 5-5)



Fluids: compressed air, non-corrosive industrial fluids

Materials: forged or machined brass

Pressure: 550 bar

Temperature: -40°C to +250°C

Ø metric: 4 mm to 28 mm

Stainless Steel Compression Fittings

(P. 5-31)



Fluids: compressed air, coolants, industrial and corrosive fluids

Materials: 316L stainless steel

Pressure: 400 bar

Temperature: -40°C to +250°C

Ø metric: 6 mm to 16 mm

PL Nickel-Plated Brass Spigot Fittings

(P. 5-41)



Fluids: compressed air, compatible industrial fluids

Materials: forged or machined nickel-plated brass

Pressure: 40 bar

Temperature: -40°C to +100°C

Ø metric: 4 mm to 14 mm

Compression Fitting Part Numbers

0105 14 27 99

Item Type

01XX: brass
18XX: stainless steel

Suffix

39: bonded seal
40: treated steel
60: nut
70: polymer nut
99: chemical nickel

Ø

04 = 4 mm
06 = 6 mm
...
20 = 20 mm
28 = 28 mm

Thread

10 = 1/8
13 = 1/4
...
21 = 1/2
27 = 3/4

PL Fitting Part Numbers

F3BPL 8/10 -1/4

Item Type

FBPL
F3BPL
HBPL
WBPL
...

Ø

2.7/4
4/6
6/8
7.5/10
8/10
10/12
11/14

Thread

BSPT & NPT:
1/8
1/4
3/8
...
Metric:
M10
M12